



VARIABLE FIELD TRANSLATION BALANCE

www.mag-instruments.com

Versatile stationary device for **thermomagnetic measurements**



A VFTB a is versatile and affordable tool for characterising magnetic materials at variable temperatures.

Key features

Ser-friendly operation

Easy sample mounting and automatic measurement sequences at defined temperatures, facilitate a user-friendly measurement process.

An integrated high-temperature oven allows magnetic measurements at up to 800°C without any adjustments to the instrument.

Susceptibility and magnetisation measurements

The new generation of VFTBs enable simultaneous measurements of the reversible (magnetic susceptibility) and irreversible (remanent) magnetisation. Originally developed by Petersen Instruments, VFTBs are widely used in the research fields of paleo- and rock magnetism.

✓ Dynamic range of 10⁻⁸ - 0.1 Am²

The large dynamic range allows for various research applications, from the measurement of weakly magnetic natural materials such as sandstone, limestone, and soil to strongly magnetic synthetic materials.

In-field measurements up to 1 T

The application of strong magnetic fields allows saturating and characterising of a wide range of natural and synthetic magnetic materials and facilitates accurate curie point measurements.







Curie point determination

Thermomagnetic curves of the saturation magnetisation (M_s) allow determining Curie temperatures of up to 800°C. Sequential heating and cooling cycles give insight into sample alteration at progressively increasing heating temperatures.

Simultaneous measurement of susceptibility and magnetisation

Simultaneous thermomagnetic measurements of susceptibility and magnetisation expand the range of research applications, as they allow for a more comprehensive characterisation of magnetic mineralogy and grain size, particularly in natural materials with complex mixed mineralogy.

FORC diagram

First-order reversal curve (FORC) measurements allow for a detailed characterisation of the material's domain state and magnetostatic interactions. Measurement files are compatible with the FORCinel processing software.

Designed for user-friendly high-temperature experiments

Operation



Stable setup to reduce oscillations of the system and ensure a low noise level.

----- Forcer coils

Coil setup to generate gradient fields that force the sample to oscillate depending on its magnetisation.

Susceptibility coils

Additional coils to generate an alternating magnetic field for AC susceptibility measurements.

--• Oven

Sample chamber with an integrated furnace.

Sensing unit

The casing contains the sample holder and the translation balance.



Sample holder

Quartz-glass rod with horizontal sample cavity (Ø 5 or 10 mm) for easy sample mounting.

Temperature control

An integrated oven allows to heat samples up to 800°C. Available liquid nitrogen accessories for electromagnet VFTBs allow lowtemperature measurements down to ca. -180°C (93K).

Measurement atmosphere

All measurements can be performed in an inert gas atmosphere such as argon, helium, or nitrogen to minimise sample oxidation.



The VFTB is controlled by a comprehensive windows-based software, that allows for the definition of automatic measurement sequences and more.

Sample mounting

Solid or powder samples of up to 0.7 cm^3 are directly placed into the cavity of a sample holder and fixated with a small amount of quartz wool.

Magnetic field source • Solenoid to generate static fields of up to 300 mT.



Intuitive control software for easy data acquisition

--• Main control

Calibrate instrument, position the sample, load measurement

parameters, etc.

	Status	
Sample In	Active Process:	idle
Sample Out	Measurement Mode:	none
Stepper Reset	Susceptibility Mode:	OFF
	Temperature Controller:	inactive
	Temp. Setpoint [°C]:	0
Charl Management	Temp. Measured [°C]:	0
Start Measurement	Sinewaye Generator:	active
Stop Measurement	Master Frequency [Hz]:	3.1
	Gain:	0
	Res. Calibration Factor:	1
itart Static Measurement	Non-Resonance:	1
Generate Noise Profile	Susceptibility:	1
	Power Supply:	active
	Field Current [A]:	0
Load Parameter File	Field Compensation:	active
Save Parameter File	Residual Field [Oe]:	0
Save Data	Stepper Motor:	active
	Stepper Position:	OUT
	Hall Probe:	inactive
Calibrate Instrument		
Cattings		

Exit Aplication

Graph	4-
Parameters	4-
Data	
Sinewave	
Noise Spectrum	1

Status bar

Monitor the current state of all system components.

Results panel

Monitor the data acquisition in real-time and review all results of the measurement sequence.



Parameter panel

Sample Proper

ample Nam

Sample Weig

Define measurement settings and sequences of multiple measurements.

mple Weight [mg] 1000	New sample							
Hysteresis Measurement Properties								
Activate Set								
Temperature [C]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dwell Time [s]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sinewave Amplitude (mA)	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300
Sus. Amplitude	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300
Data Cydes	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Wait Cycles	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Field [A]								
	Add	Add	Add	Add	Add	Add	Add	Add
	Remove	Remove	Remove	Remove	Remove	Remove	Remove	Removi



Main functionality

- ଔ Program and execute automatic measurement protocols.
- ଓ Review and save measurement results.
- ✓ Calibrate instrument and optimise sample position and sensitivity.

features

Software

Data handling

- ♂ All measurement results are saved in text, graphic vector and raster format.
- ♂ Data export contains a parameter file that can easily be imported to repeat the identical measurement protocol on large sample sets.



Supported measurement types

ଓ Thermomagnetic measurements

Thermomagnetic curves of induced magnetisation, magnetic remanence, as well as AC susceptibility (3Hz) can be measured at defined heating/ cooling rates and maximum temperatures of 800°C.

IRM acquisition ଓ

Isothermal remanent magnetisation acquisition curves can be measured at defined field steps and temperatures.

DC demagnetisation ଓ

The coercivity of remanence can be determined through DC demagnetisation (backfield) curves

Magnetic hysteresis

Hysteresis loops with maximum fields of up to 1 T can be determined as a function of temperature.

୯ FORC

First-order reversal curves can be measured for comprehensive material characterisation.

Technical **specifications**

Services & supplies

Property	VFTB-EM	VFTB-SL
Dynamic range	1×10 ⁻⁸ – 0.1 Am ²	5×10 ⁻⁹ – 0.1 Am ²
Noise level	1×10 ⁻⁸ Am ²	5×10 ⁻⁹ Am ²
Temperature range	-180 - 800°C	Room t 800°C
Specimen size	Ø5 x 9 mm	Ø10 x 9 mm
Maximum field	1 T	0.3 T
Magnetic field source	Electromagnet	Solenoid



- ℭ VFTB (electromagnet or solenoid version)
- ℭ Re-circulation water chiller
- 𝞯 Workstation including a Windows PC
- ✓ VFTB control software
- ♂ On-site set up and training



Services

We provide full maintenance and support for existing VFTB devices including:

- & systematic maintenance and device calibration,
- 𝗉 assistance in moving your device to other premises,
- 𝔄 customised software development.

Accessories

Sample holders

Quartz-made sample holders for all existing versions of VFTB.

Hollowed diamond drill bits for extracting samples from solid rock. Extracted cylindrical samples maximise the amount of material inside the sample holder for an optimal signal to noise ratio.

High-temperature resistant quartz wool to fix sample inside the sample holder.





Application **examples**



Geosciences

The magnetic properties of materials like rocks, sediments, or soils can be investigated to better understand how rocks were formed, or how they acquired their magnetisation. Related proxy parameters can be determined to assess for instance, grain size or mineralogy of the investigated materials.



Archaeology & magnetometry

Characterising the magnetic properties of soil samples and other materials from archaeological sites helps to refine the interpretation of magnetic anomalies in magnetograms. Thermomagnetic properties of baked archaeological artefacts, for instance, can yield information about historic kiln temperatures.



Environmental sciences

The magnetic properties of soil and sediments can indicate environmental changes and serve as proxies for paleoclimatic and paleoceanographic studies.



Material sciences

The Material-specific magnetic properties such as coercivity, saturation magnetisation, and curie temperature can be determined. AC susceptibility, hysteresis, backfield and FORC measurements yield information on the grain size and grain interactions of ferromagnetic materials.

About Mag-Instruments



Based in Munich, Germany, Mag-Instruments was founded in 2014 by robotics engineer Dr. Przemyslaw Kryczka and a group of specialists in geophysics, mechatronics, and robotics to bring state-of-the-art technology into magnetic measurements.

In cooperation with Prof. Nikolai Petersen from the Ludwig Maximilian University of Munich, Mag-Instruments continues to manufacture and service all products originally developed by Petersen Instruments.





We develop and manufacture innovative, scientific equipment for laboratory and field applications. Our constantly-growing product line includes state-of-the-art magnetometers, magnetic field generating instruments such as Helmholtz coil setups, and demagnetising equipment.

Our in-house development process facilitates flexibility and cost reduction, allowing us to provide affordable, custom solutions for your research endeavour.

We can customise our products to best suit your individual application needs!

> Contact us for new solutions, including automated measurement systems.



www.mag-instruments.com

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